

# The New York Times Company Fundamental Company Report Including Financial, SWOT, Competitors and Industry Analysis

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# **Abstracts**

The New York Times Company Fundamental Company Report provides a complete overview of the company's affairs. All available data is presented in a comprehensive and easily accessed format. The report includes financial and SWOT information, industry analysis, opinions, estimates, plus annual and quarterly forecasts made by stock market experts. The report also enables direct comparison to be made between The New York Times Company and its competitors. This provides our Clients with a clear understanding of The New York Times Company position in the Media Industry.

The report contains detailed information about The New York Times Company that gives an unrivalled in-depth knowledge about internal business-environment of the company: data about the owners, senior executives, locations, subsidiaries, markets, products, and company history.

Another part of the report is a SWOT-analysis carried out for The New York Times Company. It involves specifying the objective of the company's business and identifies the different factors that are favorable and unfavorable to achieving that objective. SWOT-analysis helps to understand company's strengths, weaknesses, opportunities, and possible threats against it.

The The New York Times Company financial analysis covers the income statement and ratio trend-charts with balance sheets and cash flows presented on an annual and quarterly basis. The report outlines the main financial ratios pertaining to profitability, margin analysis, asset turnover, credit ratios, and



company's long-term solvency. This sort of company's information will assist and strengthen your company's decision-making processes.

In the part that describes The New York Times Company competitors and the industry in whole, the information about company's financial ratios is compared to those of its competitors and to the industry. The unique analysis of the market and company's competitors along with detailed information about the internal and external factors affecting the relevant industry will help to manage your business environment. Your company's business and sales activities will be boosted by gaining an insight into your competitors' businesses.

Also the report provides relevant news, an analysis of PR-activity, and stock price movements. The latter are correlated with pertinent news and press releases, and annual and quarterly forecasts are given by a variety of experts and market research firms. Such information creates your awareness about principal trends of The New York Times Company business.

# **About The New York Times Company**

The New York Times Company operates as a diversified media company in the United States. The company's business includes newspapers, Internet businesses, a radio station, investments in paper mills, and other investments.

#### Segments

The company classifies its businesses based into two segments, the News Media Group and the About Group.

#### **NEWS MEDIA GROUP**

The News Media Group consists of the following The New York Times Media Group, which includes The New York Times (The Times), the International Herald Tribune (the IHT), NYTimes.com, and related businesses; the New England Media Group, which includes The Boston Globe (the Globe), Boston.com, the Worcester Telegram & Gazette (the T&G), the T&G's Web site, Telegram.com, and related businesses; and the Regional Media Group, which includes 14 daily newspapers in Alabama, California, Florida, Louisiana, North Carolina and South Carolina, their Web sites, other print publications, and related businesses.



### The New York Times Media Group

The New York Times: The Times is a daily (Monday through Saturday) and Sunday newspaper. The Times is circulated in print in each of the 50 states, the District of Columbia and worldwide. The Times is printed at its production and distribution facility in College Point, N.Y., as well as under contract at 25 remote print sites across the United States.

International Herald Tribune (IHT): The IHT is a daily (Monday through Saturday) newspaper, which is printed at 35 sites worldwide and is sold in approximately 180 countries. The IHT's average circulation for the year ended December 27, 2009, was 219,256 (estimated). The IHT serves as the global edition of The Times.

NYTimes.com and Other Digital Platforms: The Times's Web site, NYTimes.com, reaches audiences across the New York metropolitan region, the nation and around the world. The Times and the IHT reach an audience around the world with global.nytimes.com. The company also distributes content on other digital platforms, including mobile applications and social networking sites, as well as reader application products offering a digital reading experience similar to print.

NYTimes.com primarily involves in the sale of advertising. Advertising is sold to both national and local customers and includes online display advertising (banners, largeformat units, half-page units, interactive multimedia), classified advertising (helpwanted, real estate, automotive) and contextual advertising (links supplied by Google). The company also owns Baseline StudioSystems (Baseline), an online subscription database and research service for information on the film and television industries and a provider of premium film and television data to Web sites.

Other Businesses: The New York Times Media Group's other businesses include The New York Times Index, which produces and licenses The New York Times Index, a print publication; Digital Archive Distribution, which licenses electronic archive databases to resellers of that information in the business, professional, and library markets; and The New York Times News Services Division, which is made up of Syndication Sales and Business Development. Syndication Sales transmits articles, graphics, and photographs from The Times, the Globe and other publications to approximately 1,500 newspapers, magazines and Web sites in 90 countries worldwide. Business Development principally comprises Photo Archives, The New York Times Store, Book Development, and Rights & Permissions. The company also has a 57%



ownership interest in Epsilen, LLC (Epsilen). The Epsilen Environment is a hosted online education solution featuring ePortfolios, global networking and learning management tools.

## New England Media Group

The Globe is a daily (Monday through Saturday) and Sunday newspaper. The T&G is a daily (Monday through Saturday) newspaper. Its Sunday companion is the Sunday Telegram. The Globe is distributed throughout New England, although its circulation is concentrated in the Boston metropolitan area. The sales forces of the New England Media Group sell retail, classified, and national advertising across multiple platforms, including print newspapers, onlin

The above Company Fundamental Report is a half-ready report and contents are subject to change.

It means that we have all necessary data in our database to prepare the report but need **2-3 days** to complete it. During this time we are also updating the report with respect to the current moment. So, you can get all the most recent data available for the same price. Please note that preparation of additional types of analyses requires extra time.



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# **ANALYSIS FEATURES**

## **SWOT Analysis**

SWOT, which stands for Strengths, Weaknesses, Opportunities and Threats, is an analytical framework that identifies the internal and external factors that are favorable and unfavorable for a company.

### **Enhanced SWOT Analysis**

Enhanced SWOT is a 3×3 grid that arranges strengths, weaknesses, opportunities and threats into one scheme:

How to use the strengths to take advantage of the opportunities?

How to use the strengths to reduce likelihood and impact of the threats?

How to overcome the weaknesses that obstruct taking advantage of the opportunities?

How to overcome the weaknesses that can make the threats a reality?

Upon answering these questions a company can develop a project plan to improve its business performance.

#### **PESTEL Analysis**

PESTEL (also termed as PESTLE) is an ideal tool to strategically analyze what influence different outside factors – political, economic, sociocultural, technological, environmental and legal – exert on a business to later chart its long term targets.

Being part of the external analysis when carrying out a strategic assessment or performing a market study, PESTEL gives an overview of diverse macro-environmental factors that any company should thoughtfully consider. By perceiving these outside environments, businesses can maximally benefit from the opportunities while minimizing the threats to the organization.



# Key Factors Examined by PESTEL Analysis:

Political – What opportunities and pressures are brought by political bodies and what is the degree of public regulations' impact on the business?

Economic – What economic policies, trends and structures are expected to affect the organization, what is this influence's degree?

Sociological – What cultural and societal aspects will work upon the demand for the business's products and operations?

Technological – What impact do the technological aspects, innovations, incentives and barriers have on the organization?

Environmental – What environmental and ecological facets, both locally and farther afield, are likely to predetermine the business?

Legal – What laws and legislation will exert influence on the style the business is carried out?

## IFE, EFE, IE Matrices

The Internal Factor Evaluation matrix (IFE matrix) is a strategic management tool helping audit or evaluate major weaknesses and strengths in a business's functional areas. In addition, IFE matrix serves as a basis for identifying and assessing relationships amongst those areas. The IFE matrix is utilised in strategy formulation.

The External Factor Evaluation matrix (EFE matrix) is a tool of strategic management that is typically utilised to assess current market conditions. It is an ideal instrument for visualising and prioritising the threats and opportunities a firm is facing.

The essential difference between the above mentioned matrices lies in the type of factors incorporated in the model; whilst the latter is engaged in internal factors, the former deals exceptionally with external factors – those exposed to social, political, economic, legal, etc. external forces.

Being a continuation of the EFE matrix and IFE matrix models, the Internal External matrix (IE matrix) rests upon an investigation of external and internal business factors



integrated into one suggestive model.

# **Porter Five Forces Analysis**

The Porter's five forces analysis studies the industry of operation and helps the company find new sources of competitive advantage. The analysis surveys an industry through five major questions:

What composes a threat of substitute products and services?

Is there a threat of new competitors entering the market?

What is the intensity of competitive rivalry?

How big is the bargaining power of buyers?

How significant is the bargaining power of suppliers?

# **VRIO Analysis**

VRIO stands for Value, Rarity, Imitability, Organization. This analysis helps to evaluate all company's resources and capabilities and bring them together into one aggregate table that includes:

Tangible resources

Financial

Physical

Technological

Organizational

Intangible resources

Human

Innovation and Creativity



# Reputation

# Organizational capabilities

The result of the analysis gives a clear picture of company's competitive and economic implications, answering the questions if the resources mentioned above are:

Valuable?
Rare?
Costly to imitate?
Organized properly?



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